

Campbelltown City Council PO Box 57 **CAMPBELLTOWN NSW 2560** 

Your reference: (CNR-52712) 39/2023/DA-C Our reference: DA20230306000975-Original-1

**ATTENTION: CNR Team** Date: Wednesday 26 April 2023

Dear Sir/Madam,

**Integrated Development Application** s100B - SFPP - Child Care Centre Willowdale Drive Denham Court NSW 2565, 12//DP1209044, 13//DP1209044

I refer to your correspondence dated 16/03/2023 seeking general terms of approval for the above Integrated Development Application.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted. General Terms of Approval, under Division 4.8 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, and a Bush Fire Safety Authority, under section 100B of the Rural Fires Act 1997, are now issued subject to the following conditions:

## **Asset Protection Zones**

The intent of measure is to provide sufficient space and maintain reduced fuel loads to ensure radiant heat levels at the buildings are below critical limits and prevent direct flame contact.

- 1. At the issue of a subdivision certificate and in perpetuity, the entire site must be managed as an inner protection area in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019. When establishing and maintaining an inner protection area, the following requirements apply:
  - tree canopy cover should be less than 15% at maturity;
  - trees at maturity should not touch or overhang the building;
  - lower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2 m above the ground;
  - tree canopies should be separated by 2 to 5 m;
  - preference should be given to smooth-barked and evergreen trees;
  - large discontinuities or gaps in the shrubs layer should be provided to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings;
  - shrubs should not be located under trees;
  - shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover;
  - clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation;
  - grass should be kept mown (as a guide, grass should be kept to no more than 100mm in height); and
  - leaves and vegetation debris should be removed regularly.

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- 2. Landscaping within the required asset protection zone must comply with Appendix 4 of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*. In this regard, the following principles are to be incorporated:
  - A minimum 1 metre wide area (or to the property boundary where the setbacks are less than 1 metre), suitable for pedestrian traffic, must be provided around the immediate curtilage of the building;
  - Planting is limited in the immediate vicinity of the building;
  - Planting does not provide a continuous canopy to the building (i.e. trees or shrubs are isolated or located in small clusters);
  - Landscape species are chosen to ensure tree canopy cover is less than 15% (IPA) at maturity and trees do no touch or overhang buildings;
  - Avoid species with rough fibrous bark, or which retain/shed bark in long strips or retain dead material in their canopies;
  - Use smooth bark species of trees species which generally do not carry a fire up the bark into the crown;
  - Avoid planting of deciduous species that may increase fuel at surface/ ground level (i.e. leaf litter);
  - Avoid climbing species to walls and pergolas:
  - Locate combustible materials such as woodchips/mulch, flammable fuel stores away from the building;
  - Locate combustible structures such as garden sheds, pergolas and materials such as timber garden furniture away from the building; and
  - Low flammability vegetation species are used.

#### **Construction Standards**

The intent of measure is to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities.

3. New construction must comply with section 3 and section 5 (BAL 12.5) Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas or the relevant requirements of the NASH Standard - Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas (incorporating amendment A - 2015). New construction must also comply with the construction requirements in Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.

#### **Access - Internal Roads**

The intent of measure is to provide safe operational access for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire while residents are accessing or egressing an area.

- 4. Non-perimeter roads for special fire protection purpose (SFPP) developments must comply with general requirements of Table 6.8b of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019* and the following:
  - minimum 5.5m carriageway width kerb to kerb;
  - parking is provided outside of the carriageway width;
  - hydrants are located clear of parking areas;
  - there are through roads, and these are linked to the internal road system at an interval of no greater than 500m;
  - curves of roads have a minimum inner radius of 6m;
  - the maximum grade road is 15 degrees and average grade of not more than 10 degrees;
  - the road crossfall does not exceed 3 degrees; and
  - a minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches, is provided.

#### **Water and Utility Services**

The intent of measure is to provide adequate services of water for the protection of buildings during and after the passage of a bush fire, and to locate gas and electricity so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.

- 5. The provision of water, electricity and gas must comply with the following in accordance with Table 6.8c of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*:
  - reticulated water is to be provided to the development where available;

- fire hydrant, spacing, design and sizing complies with the relevant clauses of Australian Standard AS 2419:
- hydrants are not located within any road carriageway;
- reticulated water supply to urban subdivisions uses a ring main system for areas with perimeter roads;
- fire hydrant flows and pressures comply with the relevant clauses of AS 2419;
- all above-ground water service pipes are metal, including and up to any taps;
- where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground;
- where overhead, electrical transmission lines are proposed as follows:
  - o lines are installed with short pole spacing (30m), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and
  - o no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in ISSC3 *Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines*.
- reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used;
- reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 The storage and handling of LP Gas, the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used;
- all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;
- connections to and from gas cylinders are metal; polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and
- above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets.

### **Emergency and Evacuation Planning Assessment**

The intent of measure is to provide suitable emergency and evacuation arrangements for occupants.

- 6. Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan is to be in accordance with Table 6.8d of *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019* and be consistent with the following:
  - The NSW RFS document: A Guide to Developing a Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan:
  - include planning for the early relocation of occupants.
  - an Emergency Planning Committee is established to consult with residents (and their families in the case of aged care accommodation and schools) in developing and implementing an Emergency Procedures Manual; and
  - detailed plans of all emergency assembly areas, including on-site and off-site arrangements as stated in AS 3745 'Planning for emergencies in facilities', are clearly displayed, and an annually emergency evacuation is conducted.

A copy of the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan should be provided to the Local Emergency Management Committee for its information prior to the occupation of the development.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Nicole Van Dorst on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Nika Fomin

Manager Planning & Environment Services

Built & Natural Environment



# **BUSH FIRE SAFETY AUTHORITY**

SFPP - Child Care Centre
Willowdale Drive Denham Court NSW 2565, 12//DP1209044, 13//DP1209044
RFS Reference: DA20230306000975-Original-1
Your Reference: (CNR-52712) 39/2023/DA-C

This Bush Fire Safety Authority is issued on behalf of the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under s100b of the Rural Fires Act (1997) subject to the attached General Terms of Approval.

This authority confirms that, subject to the General Terms of Approval being met, the proposed development will meet the NSW Rural Fire Service requirements for Bush Fire Safety under *s100b* of the Rural Fires Act 1997.

# Nika Fomin

Manager Planning & Environment Services
Built & Natural Environment

Wednesday 26 April 2023